

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence Detector, Constant Contr. 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence Detector, Brightness sensor 920503	5WG1 258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Use of the application program

Product family: Physical sensors Manufacturer: Siemens

This document describes all functions; not all functions are available in all devices.

Description	Presence Detector, Constant Controller UP 258E22	Presence Detector, Brightness Sensor UP 258D12	Brightness Controller UP 255D21
Order number (MLFB)	5WG1 258-2EB22	5WG1 258-2DB12	5WG1 255-2DB21
Application	25 CO Presence Detector, Constant Controller 920604	25 CO Presence Detec- tor, Brightness Sensor 920503	25 CO Brightness Controller 920702
Motion detector	Yes	Yes	No
Locking mode	Yes	Yes	No
Presence detector	Yes	Yes	No
Locking mode	Yes	Yes	No
HVAC detector	Yes	Yes	No
Brightness measuring	Yes	Yes	Yes
2-level light control (switching)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Constant light level control (dimming)	Yes	Νο	Yes
IR receiver	Yes	Yes	Yes

Content

1 Funct	tional description	2
1.1	Presence / Motion detector	2
1.2	Presence detector (HVAC)	2
1.3	Functionality of the Presence detector / Motion detector / HVAC-detector	3
1.4	Use as single device or as main detector, respectively secondary detector	3
1.5	Setting the sensitivity of the presence detector	3
1.6	Brightness measuring – adjustable via KNX	3
1.7	Integrated 2-level light control (switching)	4
1.8	Integrated constant light level control (dimming)	4
1.9	Operation via infrared (IR) remote control	6
1.10	Application program	6
1.11	Commissioning / Factory default settings	7
2 Paran	neter and Communication objects	8
2.1	General	8
2.1 2.2	General Brightness measuring	
2.1 2.2 2.3	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector	8 10 11
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off)	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3 Apper	General Brightness measuring. Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector. 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3 Apper 3.1	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder ndix Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration)	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3 Apper 3.1 3.2	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder ndix Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration) Determination of the control characteristic	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3 Apper 3.1 3.2 3.3	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder ndix Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration) Determination of the control characteristic Determination of characteristic of used lights in the room	
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7 3 Apper 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.5	General Brightness measuring Motion detector / Presence detector HVAC-Presence detector 2-level light controller (on-off) Constant light level control continuous IR–Decoder ndix Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration) Determination of the control characteristic Determination of characteristic of used lights in the room Example of configuration	

GAMMA instabus Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

1 Functional description

The device is a presence/motion detector with integrated constant light level control. The device communicates via KNX with actuators or other KNX devices. It is designed for mounting on the ceiling. Owing to its tilting sensor head, the device can be aligned with the required capture area. The main application for the device is automatic control of the lighting on an office workplace.

The sensitivity of the presence detector can be configured using the ETS in order to adapt it flexibly to different situations. This ensures reliable detection and avoids false positives.

1.1 Presence / Motion detector

The detector senses the presence of a person or that there is no longer anyone in its detection area. The detector signal can be analyzed via two separate communication channels, termed motion detector and presence detector. The detection range is identical for all channels. Each channel can be locked individually via objects.

1.2 Presence detector (HVAC)

The detector has an additional control output for HVAC applications.

For example, this function can switch systems that are used for heating, ventilating and climate control (HVAC) of the room from "Energy saving mode" in an unused room to "Comfort mode" in an occupied room and back to "Energy saving mode", when the room is again unoccupied.



Fig. 1 Three independent configuration detector channels for different applications

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

1.3 Functionality of the Presence detector / Motion detector / HVAC-detector

For each detector channel 4 communication objects are available, in sum 12 different communication objects. It is possible to send one or two KNX telegrams at the beginning and at the end of a detected presence, according to configuration. The values of the communication objects are configured for each functional block (motion detector, presence detector, HVAC-detector) via corresponding parameters.



Fig. 2 Flowchart

Each time a presence is detected, the overshoot time is started. Its duration is configurable for each functional block separately. The end of presence is determined by the end of the overshoot time.

The duration of the dead time is also configurable per functional block. It is used to protect the actuators that are connected to the detector. If a presence is detected during the dead time, neither telegrams are sent nor the overshoot time is started.

In the following the telegrams, which are send at the beginning of a presence, are called **A** and **B**, the telegrams, which are sent at the end of a presence, are called **C** and **D**.

Operating Sequence

After the device has detected a presence, telegram **A** is sent immediately. If it has been configured to send also a telegram **B**, then telegram **B** is sent after the configured time (optionally also cyclically).

If there are no motions any more, at the end of the overshoot time telegram C and (if configured) telegram D are sent. Telegram D can also be sent cyclically.

If there are motions during the overshoot time is running, the overshoot time is restarted.

1.4 Use as single device or as main detector, respectively secondary detector

The detector can be operated as an independent device, as the main or secondary detector.

According to the requirement, additional presence detectors can be connected with the "main detector" via KNX as "secondary detectors" to extend the presence detection zone. "Secondary detectors" supply motion information only to the main detector.

1.5 Setting the sensitivity of the presence detector

The PIR sensor sensitivity can be set to highly sensitive, sensitive or insensitive. There is also an automatic mode. Automatic mode can be used to ensure appropriate sensitivity when someone is in the room (e.g. in an office during working hours). When the room is vacant (end of the working day), the detector automatically switches to insensitive to avoid false presence detections.

It is also configurable how long the presence detector responds in a sensitive manner to movements in the room.

1.6 Brightness measuring – adjustable via KNX

The device contains an independent light sensor. The signal measured there is available both at the KNX and internally.

Because the light sensor measures directly, it must be possible to calibrate it for indirect measurement, so that it can be adapted to the different installation sites. Rapid brightness fluctuations are filtered out. The measurement range of the internal light sensor is between 20 and 1000 lux.

GAMMA instabus Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21



Fig. 3 indirect brightness measuring

The settings determine whether the brightness value computed by the device or a brightness value received from outside is used for the detector's remaining functional blocks.

For indirect brightness measuring a maximal distance of 2,8 m is recommended. In case of larger distances the measuring can be realized via a reference area with 2,8 m distance.

1.7 Integrated 2-level light control (switching)

If the brightness controller is enabled (automatic mode) the lighting is switched on as soon as the brightness falls below a set lower threshold. The lighting is switched off if the set upper brightness threshold is exceeded. The brightness thresholds are variable either via parameters or via communication objects.

The controller can also be operated semi-automatically by separating into two individual switching objects for exceeding or falling below the threshold. In this way, it can be switched to "Only on" or "Only off."

If the controller receives a switching or dimming command via the associated communication object over KNX, then this is deemed an external override and the controller switches automatic mode off. This change of status is sent simultaneously on the bus via the "Automatic Status" object.

1.8 Integrated constant light level control (dimming)

The luminance of the day light falling through a window into a room decreases in the room with the distance from the window.



Fig. 4 Principal of constant light level control with five luminaries

Depending on lamp type, the lighting is controlled to the preset brightness value via dimming actuators or switching/dimming actuators. The brightness setpoint may be configured via a parameter or set via a communication object.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

For optimum use of the day light penetrating the room the presence detector with constant light level control offers the option to control a main lighting group directly and up to four additional lighting control groups each via their own characteristic curve and their own controller (master/slave operation).

All lighting groups are dimmed to the same set point value. This allows controlling the light level in a room with only one presence detector with constant light level control. Depending on the relative distance of the additional lighting groups to the window compared to the main lighting group, each of these additional lighting groups has to be dimmed brighter or darker than the main lighting group.

Firstly, this requires determining the installation position of the presence detector. The presence detector can be installed on the ceiling at any of the positions A -E. The position of the presence detector determining the main lighting group is in principle freely selectable. Yet, it should be close to the window allowing the best measurement of the daylight contribution.



Fig. 5 Position of lighting groups A-E

For master/slave operation the day light curve under lighting groups A - E has to be captured. For this purpose the artificial lighting has to be completely turned off, such that just the natural day light is illuminating the room. Ideally, the day light is evenly falling into the room (no sharp shade / sunlight edges), bright, and diffused, e.g. at noon on a bright day with overcast sky. Under each lighting group the luminance (Lux) has to be measured manually and these values have to be entered into ETS.

Slave calibration data		
Position of Master (AE)	at measuring position A	
Measured LUX value at position A (02000)	0	
Measured LUX value at position B (02000)	0	
Measured LUX value at position C (02000)	0 <u>*</u>	
Measured LUX value at position D (02000)	0 <u>*</u>	
Measured LUX value at position E (02000)	0	

Fig. 6 Parameters for measured brightness values

The control characteristic curve for the additional lighting groups has to be determined without day light. For that purpose the room has to be completely darkened or the characteristic curve has to be determined at night. Sending a start signal to communication object 71 starts the determination of the characteristic curves. The presence detector automatically generates 15 discrete control values in the range 0%...100% for each constant light level controller of the main and additional lighting groups. The controllers send dimming values to the corresponding lighting groups and the presence detector measures the resulting luminance level. The period for the measurement can be configured between 10 and 60 seconds to allow for optimal pre-heating of the lamps.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Control characteristic		
! For best control first create control curve		
Start with ON at Obj. 71		
Delay until next step	12	*

Fig. 7 Parameters for control characteristics

After successful completion or interruption of the calibration run the controller is in the state "inactive". In case of successful completion the lighting groups are set to 50%, in case of a failure to minimum value ~ 6%.

During operation the constant light level controller can take up to four different states:

<u>Active</u>: In this state the constant lighting control is active. In a configurable period the controller compares set point and actual values and sends a control value.

<u>Inactive</u>: In the state the controller is passive. The controller does not compare set point value and actual value and does not send control values.

<u>Stand-by:</u> In this state the controller is passive. Different from the state "inactive" it still compares the set point value with the actual value. On a corresponding difference between set point value and actual value the controller automatically switches to the active state.

<u>Off</u>: The controller function is stopped and actuators for main and additional lighting groups are first dimmed to a minimum and then completely turned off a second later.

Behavior on bus voltage failure / recovery

On bus voltage failure the current setpoint value is saved.

On bus voltage recovery the setpoint value is restored. The controller is in the state OFF.

1.9 Operation via infrared (IR) remote control

The IR receiver integrated in the presence detector can control light and shade, as well as store and call up scenes via a special IR remote control.

The IR commands implemented can be combined via communication objects with the other function blocks or used to control other devices.

The integrated IR receiver-decoder can be controlled only with one of the Siemens IR remote controls shown below. The remote controls have a range of about 10 meters.



Fig. 8 IR remote control S 255/11

The functionality of button pairs A to F (see above diagram) will be configured via the ETS. Channel F can be used optionally to enable / disable the programming mode.

1.10 Application program

You need the KNX Engineering Tool Software (ETS) version 5.0 and higher to load the application program.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

1.11 Commissioning / Factory default settings

After programming the device starts up with a warm-up phase of about 40 seconds.

Factory default settings

In the factory default state, the parameter Operating Mode is set to Setting Mode.

While the device is in "Setting Mode", the integrated programming LED displays the PIR sensor state. (illuminates briefly with motion)

In factory default setting the programming mode can be enabled and disabled via IR remote control (5WG1 255-7AB11) channel F. The sensitivity of the PIR sensor is set to "highly sensitive".

Programming mode

A short press of the learning button (< 2 s) enables the programming mode. This is indicated by the programming key (LED). An additional press disables the programming mode.

Factory settings (only UP 255D21 and UP 258D12)

A very long press of the learning button (> 20 s) sets the device to factory default. This will be indicated by a continuous flashing of the programming LED for ~ 8 s.

Note (only UP 255D21 and UP 258D12)

A long press of the learning button (> 5 s to 20 s) enables the connection test for commissioning with Desigo. This mode will be disabled by an additional short press of the learning button.

Behaviour after programming

The behavior of the device after programming with the ETS is dependent on the configuration.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2 Parameter and Communication objects

The communication objects listed in the following paragraphs are available. Which of them are visible and can be linked with group addresses will be determined by setting the parameters.

Description	Presence detector, constant light UP 258E22	Presence detector, brightness sensor UP 258D12	Brightness Controller UP 255D21
Order number (MLFB)	5WG1 258-2EB22	5WG1 258-2DB12	5WG1 255-2DB21
Application	25 CO Presence detector, constant light 920604	25 CO Presence detec- tor, brightness sensor 920503	25 CO Brightness controller 920702
Maximum number of group addresses	160	160	100
Maximum number of assignments	200	200	100

Note

The number and type of visible objects can vary dependent on the parameter settings.

2.1 General

2.1.1 Parameter General

Parameter	Settings	
Operating mode	normal (40s start up time)	
	test mode (5s ramp up without LED)	
	test mode (5s ramp up with LED)	
Use these parameters to determine the mode.		
During the test phase the test mode with or without LED	can be selected. If "test mode (5s ramp up without LED)" is selected, the LED	
of the detector does not flash. So it is possible to test the	brightness threshold and the delay time.	
In "test mode (5s ramp up with LED)", the integrated prog	ramming LED shows the status of the motion detector. So it is possible to test	
the detection range of the PIR sensor independent of the brightness value:		
LED stays on: Programming	g mode	
LED flashes (clocking sequence): Device running	ng up	
• LED comes on for a short time: Motion has b	een detected	
After the test phase has been finished, the operating mode "normal" should be selected. Afterwards the software has to be download-		
ed again to the device.		
Evaluate status object [sec.]	0 – 255	
(0 = no evaluation)	4	
When any itaking lights off in a datastar's datastics area, t	he she was after an anti-time of the lighting many load to working being data to d	

When switching lights off in a detector's detection area, the change of temperature of the lighting may lead to motion being detected incorrectly. To prevent this, the sensor is disabled for a certain time (0 - 255 seconds).

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
Sensitivity of PIR-sensor	automatically	
(effective from: V04 - UP 258D12	selectable via object	
V05 - UP 258E22)	highly sensitive	
	sensitive	
	insensitive	

This parameter is used to set the sensitivity of the PIR sensors of the presence detector.

- automatically: The presence detector is set to insensitive until the first movement in the room. After the first movement it is set to sensitive. The presence detector responds in a sensitive manner in accordance with the configuration of the "Fallback time (sensitive -> insensitive)" parameter. If a new movement is detected during the fallback time, the fallback time is started again.
- selectable via object: A 1-bit object can be used to switch between two sensitivity settings. If the value 0 is received, the presence detector responds as if "automatically" is set; if the value 1 is received, the presence detector is set to sensitive.
- **highly sensitive:** The presence detector responds with high sensitivity to movements in the room.
- sensitive: The presence detector responds in a sensitive manner to movements in the room.
- **insensitive:** The presence detector responds insensitively to movements in the room.

Fallback time	5 min	
(sensitive -> insensitive)	10 min	
	15 min	
	30 min	
	45 min	
	60 min	
	90 min	
	180 min	
This parameter is used to configure how long the presence detector responds in a sensitive manner to movements in the room.		
At the end of the period, the presence detector is switched back to insensitive.		

Availability:

This parameter is only visible, if the "Sensitivity of PIR-sensor" parameter is set to "automatically" or "selectable via object."

2.1.2 Parameter Functional blocks

Parameter	Settings		
Motion detector	deactivated		
	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.	carried out according to the motion detector criteria. If it is set to "inactive" all		
Presence detector	deactivated		
	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the presence detector criteria. If it is set to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.			
Presence detector (HVAC) (Heating, Ventilating, Air	deactivated		
Conditioning)	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the criteria for HVAC control. If it is set to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.			
Light control (on-off) active			
	deactivated		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the criteria for light control. If it is set to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.			
Constant light level control continuous	deactivated		
	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be	carried out according to the criteria for constant light level control. If it is set		
to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.			

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
IR-Decoder	deactivated	
	active	
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the signals received from the IR decoder. If it is set to		

2.1.3 General object

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags		
0	Status of switching actuator	On/Off	1 bit 1.001	CRWT		
This object occurred, t incandesce	This object notifies the detector whether the actuator controlled by the device has switched. If a change of status (1->0 or 0->1) has occurred, then the PIR sensor is not analyzed for a configurable time. This prevents the detector sensing the fall in temperature of an incandescent lamp that has just been switched off as motion.					
80	Sensor Sensitivity	0 = automatically 1 = sensitive	1 bit 1.002	CRWT		
This object can be used to set the sensitivity of the PIR sensors of the presence detector.						
Value "0" means that the presence detector is set to "automatically", i.e. the presence detector is set to insensitive until the first move- ment in the room. After the first movement it is set to sensitive. The presence detector responds in a sensitive manner in accordance						
with the co	with the configuration of the "Fallback time (sensitive -> insensitive)" parameter.					

Value "1" means that the presence detector is set to sensitive.

Brightness measuring 2.2

2.2.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Measuring method of internal light sensor	indirect (calibration by user)	
The internal light sensor can only measure directly. The light level on the desk can be determined indirectly by recomputing, if the parameter is set accordingly. For this, the detector's brightness measurement function must be calibrated.		
Calibration	via object with adjustment factor	
Calibration is carried out either via an object (no. 27) or v	ia adjustment factor.	
Adjustment factor (x 0.1)	1 - 200, 10	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Calibration In this case, the light measured by the light sensor is mult	" is set to "with adjustment factor." tiplied by 0.1 of the set adjustment factor.	
Number of values for calculation of average	1; 2; 4; 8	
The internal light sensor measures every second. For brightness measurement, the mean value can be formed from several values measured consecutively. The number of values to be used to form the mean value is determined via the above parameter.		
Send brightness value cyclically no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute 1		
Send brightness value on change	no at small change at medium change at large change	
This parameter determines whether the brightness value is sent automatically and immediately when it changes.		

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.2.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags	
25	Brightness value (internal)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRWT	
This object termined vi The measu This value o The upper	This object sends its brightness value to the brightness measuring device. If cyclical sending is switched off, then the value can be de- termined via the bus with a read query. The measurement range for the internal light sensor is between 20 and 1000 LUX. This value can be changed by calibration. The upper limit for the internal brightness value after calibration is 20000 LUX.				
26	Brightness value (extern)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW	
This object	feeds a value from an external brightness measuring device.				
27	Brightness value (calibration)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW	
Because the light sensor measures only the light reflected from the desk, it can be calibrated. During calibration, the brightness value in the room in which the device has been mounted should be that used later as the setpoint for constant lighting control. The ETS (diagnostic mode -> send telegram) is used to send the previously measured value to the device via the above object. The measured value is entered as a decimal number in the entry field of the ETS. The ETS codes this value as DPT 9.004 (EIS5) and sends it to the device. As soon as the value has been received, the adjustment factor is computed from it (brightness value = adjust- ment factor * measuring method of the internal light sensor" has been set to "indirect," the recomputed value is output as the in- ternal brightness value.					

<u>Note 1</u>: When calibrating object 27, plausibility checks are carried out. If the value communicated via the object is more than 20 times the value measured by the internal light sensor, the adjustment factor is set to 1. It is the same if a value above the internal brightness value (20,000 LUX) is transferred.

In case of a received telegram with 0 LUX the factor will be reset to "1" (= factory settings).

Note 2: Owing to rounding errors, the measured and recomputed brightness value ("Internal brightness value") can differ slightly from the value recorded with the external measuring device.

<u>Note 3</u>: The controller works only properly if the calibration procedure was successful and is stored within the flash memory. After a firmware update the factor and the control characteristic remains.

2.3 Motion detector / Presence detector

2.3.1 Parameter

In the following paragraphs the parameters for the functional block "Motion detector" are described. The configuration for the functional block "Presence detector" is performed similar.

Parameter	Settings
Lock motion sensor via comm-object	no
	yes
This parameter determines if the motion detector can be locked and unlocked via a communication object.	
Value of locking object after bus voltage recovery	Off (0)
	On (1)
	as before bus voltage failure
	query via bus
This parameter determines what the value of the locking communication object will be after bus voltage recovery.	

Application program description

February 2020

Parameter Locking is active This parameter determines how the value of the lockir Locking object acts on This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: Sensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If ti timer will be continued and after the overshoot time th possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Objects: When 'locked' the output communication obje object is still possible. Behaviour if lock is enabled This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock act detector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti motion, but just not sending any of the associated tele	Settings if locking object = 0 if locking object = 1 ng communication object is analyzed. sensor objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only) he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoke detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is r tension object is still possible. ects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
Parameter Locking is active This parameter determines how the value of the locking Locking object acts on This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: Sensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the imer will be continued and after the overshoot time the possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Dbjects: When 'locked' the output communication objective big the lock is enabled Sehaviour if lock is enabled This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock action objective to the associated to be detector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire time the parameter is the sending any of the associated to be the sending any of the send	Settings if locking object = 0 if locking object = 1 ng communication object is analyzed. sensor objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only) he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the oversho he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the oversho he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the oversho he detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is r tension object is still possible. ects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
Chis parameter determines how the value of the lockir Cocking object acts on This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: Sensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the imer will be continued and after the overshoot time the possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Objects: When 'locked' the output communication object object is still possible. Behaviour if lock is enabled This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock act detector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire time otion, but just not sending any of the associated tele	if locking object = 0 if locking object = 1 ag communication object is analyzed. sensor objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only) the overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshot he detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is retension object is still possible. ects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
This parameter determines how the value of the lockir Locking object acts on This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: Gensor : When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the imer will be continued and after the overshoot time the possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Dbjects : When 'locked' the output communication object be still possible. Behaviour if lock is enabled This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock act Betector sends no telegram : Throughout the entire time pation. but just not sending any of the associated tele	sensor objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only) the overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshot he detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is r tension object is still possible. ects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector switches OFF, sends C-D cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
Cocking object acts on This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: Gensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the imer will be continued and after the overshoot time the possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Objects: When 'locked' the output communication object be still possible. Behaviour if lock is enabled This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock action by the parameter is visible only when parameter the entire time postion, but just not conding any of the associated tele	sensor objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only) the overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoked timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoked timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoked timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoked timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoked timer has already started (detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is retension object is still possible. ects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
his parameter defines the behavior of the lock.: ensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the imer will be continued and after the overshoot time the ossible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Objects: When 'locked' the output communication object bject is still possible. Hehaviour if lock is enabled his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock action but just had sending any of the associated tele	he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the oversho he detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is r tension object is still possible. Tects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
ensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If t mer will be continued and after the overshoot time tl ossible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the ext Objects: When 'locked' the output communication obj- bject is still possible. ehaviour if lock is enabled his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac etector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti potion, but just not sending any of the associated tele	he overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the oversho he detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is r tension object is still possible. The detector solution of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the exter detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
behaviour if lock is enabled his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac letector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti pation, but just not sending any of the associated tele	detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac etector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti	detector switches ON, sends A-B detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac	detector switches OFF, sends C-D detector sends no telegram cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac etector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti	cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
his parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock ac etector sends no telegram : Throughout the entire ti action, but just not sending any of the associated tele	cts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".
etector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire ti	
detector sends current status (A-B or C-D): If the lo	detector sends current status A-B or C-D) detector sends no telegram ock is disabled the detector sends the current status including
the overshoot time left. This behaviour is used for ap be sent.	pplications "silent mode", during locking phase no telegrams will
Detector sends no telegrams: If the lock is disabled again only in case of a new presence detection.	d no telegram will be sent at all. The device enters normal mode
detector switches ON, sends A-B: When the detector overshoot timer was active prior to 'locking'. This mode This parameter has the following parameter set: Behaviour if lock is disabled	is 'locked' telegrams A(B) are sent. However no telegrams will be sent if th e is useful for "continuous ON" applications. detector switches delayed off, sends C-D detector switches at once off. sends C-D
Detector switches delay off, sends C-D: The oversh	hoot timer will be restarted after Retriggering via the extension
object is still possible. 'unlock'. If no motion is detect time. If motion is detected after 'unlocking' the over	ted after 'unlocking' the detector sends C(D) after the overshoot shoot time is retriggered.
Detector switches at once off, sends C-D: Telegram will not be sent, but C-D immediately.	ns C(D) are sent at once. After unlocking between A and B, B
detector switches OFF, sends C-D: when the detector otherwise no telegrams are sent. This mode is useful for set:	r is locked telegrams C(D) are sent only if the overshoot timer was already or "continuous OFF" applications. This parameter has the following parame
Behaviour if lock is disabled	detector sends no telegram
Detector sends no telegrams: : If the lock is disable	ed no telegram will be sent at all.
	RS-AA Undate: http://www.siemens.com/a

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings
Motion detection	up to brightness level 2Lux up to brightness level 5Lux up to brightness level 10Lux up to brightness level 15Lux up to brightness level 20Lux up to brightness level 50Lux up to brightness level 100Lux up to brightness level 200Lux up to brightness level 200Lux up to brightness level 500Lux up to brightness level 1000Lux brightness independent ont on the ambient brightness. If a movement has already been detected
(overshoot time running), then there is no further analysi during a detected motion, then the overshoot time is rest	s of the ambient brightness. In other words, if further motions are detected arted.
Source for brightness value	internal value external value
This parameter determines which brightness value is used for analyzing the brightness threshold. If this parameter is set to "Internal value" the value of the brightness sensor inside the device is used. If "External value," the value from the communication object is used. This value is reproduced at bus voltage recovery and used until it is overwritten by the bus.	
Device works as	single or master device slave
This parameter determines whether the detector is used a motion sensors.	is a standalone device or as a master or as a slave in conjunction with other

2.3.1.1 Begin of Motion

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings	
If motion is detected, send (A)	no telegram On Off 8-bit value 8-bit value (selectable) (UP 258E22 only) scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)	
This parameter determines whether a telegram is sent after a motion is detected and what format the telegram has.		
Send second telegram (B)	no yes	
This parameter determines whether a second telegram is sent after a delay to the first.		
Value [0 255]	0 – 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "8-bit value." This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.		
Value (if Obj. 28 = 0) (0255)	0 - 255, 0	
Value (if Obj. 28 = 1) (0255)	0 - 255, 0	
UP 258E22 only: This parameter is only visible, if the previous parameter " If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "8-bit value (se- lectable)". These define the vales which will be used depending on object 28 "8-bit value selection, motion, A/C".		
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "scene recall." to be called up.	

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
Value [0 65 535]	0 – 65 535, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter '	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)."	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65,5	35.	
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter '	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)."	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0° C / 3	2F - 40.0°C/104F.	
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX $$ -	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX .	
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter '	'Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes."	
This determines the time interval between sending the fir	rst telegram (A) and the second telegram (B).	
Second telegram (B)	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes." This determines the format of the second telegram (B).		
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "8-bit value." This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.		
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall." This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene to be called up.		
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)." This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)." This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.		
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX -	'Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX .	

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings
Send second telegram (B) cyclically	no
	1 second
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	30 seconds
	1 minute
If you want the second telegram (B) to be sent cyclically ing value.	after a motion is detected, then this parameter must be set to the correspond-

The following parameter is visible only if the device is working as a slave (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Slave").

Parameter	Settings
Send trigger telegrams cyclically	no
	1 second
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	30 seconds
	1 minute
A device in slave mode can only send an "On telegram" to the master if motion has been detected to trigger this via the secondary in-	
put. The internal overshoot time of 10 seconds is fixed, i.e. a telegram can be sent every 10 seconds to the master at most.	
If the slave detector is triggered permanently, then a tele this case wants to send further telegrams, then this can b	gram is sent to the master only on the first triggering. However, if the user in e achieved, but the above parameters must be set accordingly.

2.3.1.2 Overshoot time

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
Timer	one overshoot time two overshoot times variable overshoot time
This parameter determines whether the overshoot time	is always the same ("One overshoot time") or can be changed via a bus tele-

In grameter determines whether the overshoot time is always the same ("One overshoot time") or can be changed via a bus telegram (object no. 5).

If "Two overshoot times" are set, then overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1 can be selected via the telegram. If the "Timer" parameter is set to "variable overshoot times," then the telegram stipulates a value.

Hours [0 23]	0 – 23, 0
Minutes [0 59]	0 – 59, 0
Seconds [0 59]	0 – 59, 10

These parameters determine the minimum time for a detected motion. At the end of the overshoot time, one or two telegrams are sent on the bus (configurable). If a movement has already been detected (overshoot time running) and further motion occurs, then the overshoot time is restarted.

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "Two overshoot times," then these parameters are available twice (overshoot time and overshoot time 2).

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "variable overshoot time," then these parameters allow configuring default settings, which may be changed via the bus. The parameter for hours can only be set to a value in the range [0...15].

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.3.1.3 End of Motion

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
If motion is no longer detected, send (C)	no telegram On Off 8-bit value 8-bit value (selectable) scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
overshoot time.	telegram is sent, if no further movement has been detected by the end of the
Send second telegram (D)	no yes
This parameter determines whether a second telegram is	sent after a delay to the first telegram C.
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter 'This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0 - 255$.	If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value."
Value (if Obj. 28 = 0) (0255)	0 - 255, 0
Value (if Obj. 28 = 1) (0255)	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255, c	If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value (selectable)." lepending on object 28 "8-bit value selection, motion A/C"
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "scene recall." to be called up.
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65,5	If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)". 35.
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding paramete ture)."	r "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (tempera-
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0° C /32	2F - 40.0°C / 104F.
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX -	'lf motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX.
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This determines the time interval between sending the fir	Send second telegram (D)" is set to "Yes." rst telegram (C) and the second telegram (D).

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constan 25 CO Presence detector, brightne 25 CO Brightness Controller 92070	5WG1 258-2EB22 5WG1258-2DB12 5WG1 255-2DB21	
Parameter	Settings	
Second talegram (D)	0-	

	scene recall 16-bit value (decimal)
	16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This determines the format of the second telegram (D).	"Send second telegram (D)" is set to "Yes."
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter $^{\prime}$ This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "8-bit value."
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "scene recall." • to be called up.
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65,5	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)." 35.
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
D This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter. This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0° C / 3	er "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)." 2F - 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter 'This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX $$ -	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX.
Send second telegram (D) cyclically	no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute
If you want cyclical sending after a motion is detected, th	en this parameter must be set to the corresponding value.
Send telegram (C) [and D] after bus voltage recovery	no yes
This parameter determines whether telegram C and (if co	onfigured) telegram D are also sent automatically after bus voltage recovery.
Dead time after end of detection (in sec.)	0 - 59, 5
The dead time is used to protect the actuator that is conr detector does not switch on.	nected to the motion detector. If a motion occurs in the dead time, the motion
<u>Note 1:</u> The dead time should be set to a longer time the may fail. <u>Note 2:</u> Because the sensor is enabled internally for appro	an the delay time between telegrams C and D, because otherwise telegram D oximately 3 seconds after detecting a motion, it can be that a motion detected
during the dead time also triggers a telegram. This is the guarantee that the dead time is effective, it should be cho	case if the motion is detected during the last 3 seconds of the dead time. To osen to be as large as possible.

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings		
Dead time is also applied for extension input	no		
	yes		
If the dead time is configured such that it also acts on the secondary device, then a trigger received from the secondary device is "inter- im stored" by the detector. The corresponding telegrams A to D will be sent after the dead time has elapsed.			

If the parameter is set to "No", then the triggers received from the secondary device, take effect immediately.

2.3.2 Communication objects motion detector

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
1	Start of Motion, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected motion or on external triggering:

• Switch On/Off - DPT 1.001

- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall DPT 17.001

Note: After bus voltage recovery, there is a break of approximately 30 seconds before the detector can send via this object.

2	Start of Motion, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected motion or on external triggering:

• Switch On/Off - DPT 1.001

- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall DPT 17.001

Telegram B is sent after telegram A, if this has been configured. The delay time between A and B is also configurable.

3	End of Motion, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected motion or on external triggering:

• Switch On/Off - DPT 1.001

- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Pre 25 CO Pre 25 CO Brig	sence detector, Constant light 920604 sence detector, brightness sensor 920503 ghtness Controller 920702		5W0 5W0 5W0	G1258-2EB22 G1258-2DB12 G1255-2DB21
Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags

		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
Dependir triggering Swi 8-bi 16-l 16-l 16-l 8-bi Telegram	ng on the setting, this object sends one of the foll- g: tch On/Off - DPT 1.001 it value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (decimal) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 10 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 10 bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.0 it scene recall –DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been config	owing values to the bus at the end of 4F) - DPT 9.001 104 ured. The delay time between C and D	a detected motion	or upon external
5	Motion, Overshoot Time	value	2 Byte 8.001	CRWT
		time 1 = 0 / time 2 =	= 1 1 bit 1.001	
6	Motion detector lock	On/Off	1 bit 1.003	CRWTU
6 This obj The para ceived. It <u>Note:</u> An tected m	Motion detector lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to t can also be determined that the detector is never by motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and obtions depending on its parameter setting. The st	On/Off set whether the detector is locked wh r locked, regardless of the above objec d 8, Extension input motion, are still o art value after bus voltage recovery is	1 bit 1.003 ten a "0" is received t. beyed. A locked d configurable.	CRWTU d or when a "1" is etector evaluates
6 This obj The para ceived. It <u>Note:</u> An tected m	Motion detector lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to t can also be determined that the detector is never by motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and totions depending on its parameter setting. The st Extension input, Motion	On/Off set whether the detector is locked wh r locked, regardless of the above objec d 8, Extension input motion, are still o art value after bus voltage recovery is On	1 bit 1.003 ten a "0" is received t. beyed. A locked d configurable. 1 bit 1.001	CRWTU d or when a "1" is etector evaluates CRWT
6 This obj The para ceived. It <u>Note:</u> An tected m 7 The dete gram A a	Motion detector lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to t can also be determined that the detector is never by motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and totions depending on its parameter setting. The st Extension input, Motion ector is triggered from external via this object. This and B (object 1 and 2) are sent, according to the comparison	On/Off set whether the detector is locked wh r locked, regardless of the above objec d 8, Extension input motion, are still o art value after bus voltage recovery is On means, as soon as the detector receiv onfiguration. The extension objects are	1 bit 1.003 ten a "0" is received t. beyed. A locked d configurable. 1 bit 1.001 res the value "1" vi- e enabled during lo	CRWTU d or when a "1" is etector evaluates CRWT a this object, tele- ock mode.
6 This obj The para ceived. It <u>Note:</u> An tected m 7 The dete gram A a 3	Motion detector lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to t can also be determined that the detector is never by motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and notions depending on its parameter setting. The st Extension input, Motion ector is triggered from external via this object. This and B (object 1 and 2) are sent, according to the co Extension input, Motion	On/Off set whether the detector is locked wh r locked, regardless of the above object d 8, Extension input motion, are still o art value after bus voltage recovery is On means, as soon as the detector receiv onfiguration. The extension objects are Off	1 bit 1.003 ten a "0" is received it. beyed. A locked d configurable. 1 bit 1.001 res the value "1" vice e enabled during to 1 bit 1.001	CRWTU d or when a "1" is etector evaluates CRWT a this object, tele- ock mode. CRWT
6 This obj The para ceived. It <u>Note:</u> An tected m 7 The dete gram A a 8 The dete egram C	Motion detector lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to t can also be determined that the detector is never by motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and notions depending on its parameter setting. The st Extension input, Motion ector is triggered from external via this object. This and B (object 1 and 2) are sent, according to the con- ector is switched off from external via this object. The and D (object 3 and 4) are sent, according to the con- ector is the sent, according to the con- ector is switched off from external via this object. The and D (object 3 and 4) are sent, according to the con- ector is sent, according to the con- ector is sent, according to the con- ector is switched off from external via this object. The and D (object 3 and 4) are sent, according to the con- ector is sent, according to the con- ector is sent, according to the con- ector is switched off from external via this object. The and D (object 3 and 4) are sent, according to the con- ector is sent accon- ector is sent accon- ector is sent according to the con- ector	On/Off set whether the detector is locked wh r locked, regardless of the above object d 8, Extension input motion, are still o art value after bus voltage recovery is On means, as soon as the detector receiv onfiguration. The extension objects are Off This means, as soon as the detector recovery a	1 bit 1.003 ten a "0" is received beyed. A locked d configurable. 1 bit 1.001 res the value "1" vis e enabled during loc 1 bit 1.001 ceives the value "0" re enabled during	CRWTU d or when a "1" is etector evaluates CRWT a this object, tele- ock mode. CRWT ' via this object, te lock mode.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.3.3 Communication objects presence detector

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
9	Start of Presence, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
Depending nal triggeri • Switch • 8-bit v	on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to th ng: n On/Off - DPT 1.001 ralue (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001	ne bus at the beginning	of a detected preser	nce or on exter-
 16-bit 16-bit 16-bit 8-bit s 	value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - DPT 9.001 value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 cene recall – DPT 17.001			
Note: After	bus voltage recovery, there is a break of approximately 30 secon	ds before the detector	can send via this obje	ect.
10	Start of Presence, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
 Switch Switch 8-bit v 16-bit 16-bit 16-bit 8-bit s 	0 on/Off - DPT 1.001 alue (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - DPT 9.001 value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 cene recall –DPT 17.001 is sent after telegram A if this has been configured. The delay ti	me hetween A and B is	also configurable	
11	End of Presence, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		scene recall	1 Byte	-
Depending triggering: • Switch • 8-bit v • 16-bit • 16-bit • 16-bit • 8-bit s	on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the on/Off - DPT 1.001 value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 value (temperature) ($0.0^{\circ}C / 32F - 40.0^{\circ}C / 104F$) - DPT 9.001 value (brightness) (OLUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 cene recall –DPT 17.001	ne bus at the end of a d	etected presence or o	on external
12	End of Presence, D	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
Depending triggering: • Switch • 8-bit v • 16-bit • 16-bit • 16-bit • 8-bit s Telegram D	on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the on/Off - DPT 1.001 value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 value (decimal) (0 – 65 535) - DPT 7.001 value (temperature) (0.0° C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - DPT 9.001 value (brightness) (OLUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 cene recall –DPT 17.001 is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured. The delay ti	ne bus at the end of a d me between C and D is	etected presence or of also configurable.	on external

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
13	Presence, Overshoot Time	value	2 Byte 8.001	CRWT
		time 1 = 0 / time 2 = 1	1 bit 1.001	
This object or one of t This object	controls the detector overshoot time. Depending on configuration ne preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 or overshoot is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage recover	on either an actual value t time 1) is selected. rry.	(DPT 8.001, resoluti	on 1 second)
14	Presence lock	On/Off	1 bit 1.003	CRWTU
ceived. It c A locked de <u>Note:</u> Any The start v	an also be determined that the detector is never locked, regardles etector evaluates detected motions depending on parameter sett presence detections annunciated via objects 15 and 16, Extension alue after bus voltage recovery is configurable.	ss of the above object. ings. n input motion, are still o	obeyed.	
The start v	International Control of			
	Presence		1.001	
The detect gram A and	or is triggered from external via this object. This means, as soon a d B (object 9 and 10) are sent, according to the configuration. The	as the detector receives t e extension objects are e	the value "1" via this enabled during lock r	object, tele- node.
16	Extension input, Presence	Off	1 bit 1.001	CRWT
The detect egram C ar	or is switched off from external via this object. This means, as soc nd D (object 11 and 12) are sent, according to the configuration.	on as the detector receiv The extension objects ar	es the value "0" via t e enabled during loc	his object, tel- k mode.
29	8-bit value selection, Presence, A/C	value 1 / value 2	1 bit	CRW
The detect of value C	or sends value 1 (0255) in case of receiving "0" and value 2 (0 or D was sent as last value. In case of bus failure value 1 is used a	.255) when "1". The valu s default.	ie will be sent imme	diately in case

2.4 HVAC-Presence detector

2.4.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Lock HVAC sensor via commobject	no Yes, if locking object = 0 Yes, if locking object = 1	
This parameter determines how the value of the locking of	object is analyzed.	
Interval time for HVAC-Presence detection (minutes)	0 – 15; 5	
This parameter determines the time interval in which the motion pulses are counted.		
Minimum number of detected motions during inter- val time	1 – 50; 3	
This parameter determines the number of motions that have to be detected during the monitoring time to meet the criterion for start- ing the HVAC presence. This ensures that a HVAC presence starts only if persons remain in the capture area of the detector for a longer period.		
Device works as	single or master device slave	
This parameter determines whether the detector is used as a standalone device or as a master or as a slave in conjunction with other motion sensors.		

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.4.1.1 Begin of HVAC Presence

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings	
If HVAC-Presence is detected, send (A)	no telegram On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)	
This parameter determines whether a telegram is sent aft	er a presence is detected and what format the telegram has.	
Send second telegram (B)	no yes	
This parameter determines whether a second telegram is	sent after a delay to the first.	
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.	'If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "8-bit value."	
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "scene recall". This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene to be called up.		
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 - 65535.		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0° C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.	If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)".	
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .		
Delay for second telegram [0 255 seconds]	0 - 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes". This determines the time interval between sending the first telegram (A) and the second telegram (B).		
Second telegram (B) This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter '	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness) 'Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes".	
This determines the format of the second telegrand (b).		

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

255, 0 Id telegram (B)" is set to "8-bit value". Ie 1, scene 2, scene 64 Id telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall". called up.		
d telegram (B)" is set to "8-bit value". le 1, scene 2, scene 64 id telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall". called up.		
ne 1, scene 2, scene 64 d telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall". called up.		
d telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall". called up.		
5525 0		
JJJJ, U		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.		
0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F: 40.0°C / 104F		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.		
; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; .UX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; . UX ; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; .UX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX		
d telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)".		
cond		

The following parameter is visible only if the device is working as a slave (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Slave").

Parameter	Settings
Send trigger telegrams cyclically	no
	1 second
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	30 seconds
	1 minute
A device in slave mode can only send an "On telegram" to	o the master if motion has been detected to trigger this via the secondary in-

A device in slave mode can only send an "On telegram" to the master if motion has been detected to trigger this via the secondary input. The internal overshoot time of 10 seconds is fixed, i.e. a telegram can be sent every 10 seconds to the master at most. If the slave detector is triggered permanently, then a telegram is sent to the master only on the first triggering. However, if the user in this case wants to send further telegrams, then this can be achieved, but the above parameters must be set accordingly.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.4.1.2 <u>Overshoot time</u>

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
Timer	one overshoot time two overshoot times variable overshoot time

This parameter determines whether the overshoot time is always the same ("One overshoot time") or can be changed via a bus telegram (object no. 21).

If "Two overshoot times" are set, then overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1 can be selected via the telegram. If the "Timer" parameter is set to "variable overshoot times," then the telegram can stipulate a value.

Hours [0 23]	0 – 23, 0
Minutes [0 59]	0 – 59, 0
Seconds [0 59]	0 – 59, 10

These parameters determine the minimum time for a detected HVAC presence. At the end of the overshoot time, one or two telegrams are sent on the bus (configurable). If a HVAC presence has already been detected (overshoot time running) and further motion occurs, then the overshoot time is restarted.

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "Two overshoot times," then these parameters are available twice (overshoot time 0 and overshoot time 1).

2.4.1.3 End of HVAC Presence

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings	
If HVAC-Presence is no longer detected, send (C)	no telegram	
	On	
	Off	
	8-bit value	
	scene recall	
	16-bit value (decimal)	
	16-bit value (temperature)	
	16-bit value (brightness)	
This parameter determines whether a telegram or which the overshoot time.	telegram is sent, if no further HVAC presence has been detected by the end of	
Send second telegram (D)	no	
	yes	
This parameter determines whether a second telegram is	sent after a delay to the first.	
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value". This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.		
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "scene recall". This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene to be called up.		
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (de imal)".		
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 6553	35.	
-		

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (tem- perature)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.			
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter (brightness)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the r	er "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value ange 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .		
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This determines the time interval between sending the fin	'Send second telegram (D)" is set to "Yes." rst telegram (C) and the second telegram (D).		
Second Telegramm (D)	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This determines the format of the second telegram (D).	Send second telegram (D)" is set to "Yes".		
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0 - 255$.	Second telegram (D)" is set to "8-bit value".		
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	Second telegram (D)" is set to "scene recall". to be called up.		
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 - 65535.	Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)".		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0° C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.			
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter " This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX - :	Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)". 2000 LUX .		

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, constant light 520004	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings
Send second telegram (D) cyclically	no
	1 second
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	30 seconds
	1 minute
If you want cyclical sending after a motion is detected, th	en this parameter must be set to the corresponding value.
Send telegram (C) [and D] after bus voltage recovery	no
	yes
This parameter determines whether telegram C and (if configured) telegram D are also sent automatically after bus voltage recover	
Dead time after end of detection	0 - 59, 5
[0 59 Seconds]	
The dead time is used to protect the actuator that is connected to the presence detector. If a motion occurs in the dead time, the pres-	

<u>Note 1:</u> The dead time should be longer than the delay time between telegrams C and D, because otherwise telegram D may fail. <u>Note 2:</u> Because the sensor is enabled internally for approximately 3 seconds after detecting a motion, it can be that a motion detected during the dead time also triggers a telegram. This is the case if the motion is detected during the last 3 seconds of the dead time. To guarantee that the dead time is effective, it should be chosen to be as large as possible.

Dead time is also applied for extension input	no
	yes
If the dead time is configured such that it also acts on the	secondary device, then a trigger received from the secondary device is "inter-
im stored" by the detector. The corresponding telegrams	A to D will be sent after the dead time has elansed

If the parameter is set to "No", then the triggers received from the secondary device, take effect immediately.

2.4.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
17	Start of HVAC-Presence, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
Depending nal triggeri • Switcl • 8-bit v • 16-bit • 16-bit • 16-bit • 8-bit s <u>Note</u> : After	 Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected presence or on external triggering: Switch On/Off - DPT 1.001 8-bit value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 16-bit value (decimal) (0 – 65 535) - DPT 7.001 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - DPT 9.001 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 8-bit scene recall – DPT 17.001 			
18	Start of HVAC-Presence, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	
Depending nal triggeri • Switcl • 8-bit v • 16-bit • 16-bit • 16-bit	on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to th ng: 1 On/Off - DPT 1.001 value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - DPT 9.001 value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 cene recall –DPT 17.001	ne bus at the beginning of	a detected presen	ce or on exter-
Telegram B	is sent after telegram A, if this has been configured. The delay tir	me between A and B is als	o configurable.	

Application program description

February 2020

5WG1 258-2EB22

bjno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
9	End of HVAC-Presence, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	_
riggering Swit 8-bi 16-t 16-t 16-t	g: tch On/Off - DPT 1.001 it value (decimal) (0 – 255) - DPT 5.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004	- DPT 9.001	·	
• 8-bi	it scene recall – DPT 17.001		4.5.4.2.5.4	CDMT
20	End of HVAC-Presence, D	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRMI
		UN/OIT		_
16-k 16-k 16-k 16-k 8-bi	bit value (decimal) (0 - 255) - DFT 5.00 T bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) ($0.0^{\circ}C / 32F - 40.0^{\circ}C / 104F$) bit value (brightness) ($0LUX - 2000LUX$) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall –DPT 17.001	- DPT 9.001		
16-b 16-b 16-b 16-b 16-b 8-bi Telegram	bit value (decimal) (0 = 253) = DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) = DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) = DPT 9.004 it scene recall –DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value	is also configurable.	CRWT
■ 16-k ■ 16-k ■ 16-k ■ 16-k ■ 8-bi Telegram	bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall –DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001	CRWT
16-b 16-b 16-b 16-b 8-bi Геlegram	bit value (decimal) (0 - 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall – DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001	CRWT
 a b a b a b a b a b a b a b a b a b a b	It value (decimal) (0 - 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall – DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time ect controls the detector overshoot time. Depending of f the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time Covershoot time) ect is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2 n configuration either an actual va 0 or overshoot time 1) is selected. roltage recovery.	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001 lue (DPT 8.001, resolut	CRWT ion 1 second
0 0 16-t 16-t 16-t 8-bi 16-tail 16-tail 8-bi 16-tail 7elegram 21	It value (decimal) (0 - 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall – DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time ect controls the detector overshoot time. Depending of f the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time Corect is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2 n configuration either an actual va o or overshoot time 1) is selected. roltage recovery. On/Off	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001 lue (DPT 8.001, resolut 1 bit 1.003	CRWT ion 1 second
 16-b 16-b 16-b 16-b 8-bi Telegram 21 	It value (decimal) (0 – 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 – 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall –DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time ect controls the detector overshoot times (overshoot time 0 of the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 overshoot time 0 overshoot time 0 overshoot time 0 overshoot times (overshoot time 0 overshoot tit to 0 overshoot time 0 overshoot tit to 0	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2 n configuration either an actual va o or overshoot time 1) is selected. oltage recovery. On/Off whether the detector is locked wh ked, regardless of the above objec 23 and 24, Extension input motion On	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001 lue (DPT 8.001, resolut 1 bit 1.003 en a "0" is received or v t. , are still obeyed. 1 bit 1.001	CRWT ion 1 second CRWTU when a "1" is CRWT
 a bold in the start b bit is objee c bit is objee<!--</td--><td>It value (decimal) (0 - 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall – DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time ect controls the detector overshoot times (overshoot time 0 f the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 ect is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus v HVAC-Presence lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to set c can also be determined that the detector is never loc y HVAC-presence detections annunciated via objects 2 detector does not evaluate detected motions. value after bus voltage recovery is configurable. Extension input, HVAC-Presence ctor is triggered from external via this object. This me nd B (object 17 and 18) are sent, according to the cor</td><td>- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2 n configuration either an actual va o or overshoot time 1) is selected. oltage recovery. On/Off whether the detector is locked wh ked, regardless of the above objec 23 and 24, Extension input motion On ans, as soon as the detector receiv nfiguration.</td><td>is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001 lue (DPT 8.001, resolut 1 bit 1.003 en a "0" is received or v t. , are still obeyed. 1 bit 1.001 es the value "1" via this</td><td>CRWT ion 1 secon CRWTU when a "1" is CRWT cobject, tele</td>	It value (decimal) (0 - 253) - DFT 3.001 bit value (decimal) (0 - 65 535) - DPT 7.001 bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F) - bit value (brightness) (0LUX – 2000LUX) - DPT 9.004 it scene recall – DPT 17.001 n D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured HVAC-Presence, overshoot time ect controls the detector overshoot times (overshoot time 0 f the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 ect is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus v HVAC-Presence lock ect locks and releases the detector again. meter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to set c can also be determined that the detector is never loc y HVAC-presence detections annunciated via objects 2 detector does not evaluate detected motions. value after bus voltage recovery is configurable. Extension input, HVAC-Presence ctor is triggered from external via this object. This me nd B (object 17 and 18) are sent, according to the cor	- DPT 9.001 d. The delay time between C and D value Off = 1 On = 2 n configuration either an actual va o or overshoot time 1) is selected. oltage recovery. On/Off whether the detector is locked wh ked, regardless of the above objec 23 and 24, Extension input motion On ans, as soon as the detector receiv nfiguration.	is also configurable. 2 Byte 8.001 1 bit 1.001 lue (DPT 8.001, resolut 1 bit 1.003 en a "0" is received or v t. , are still obeyed. 1 bit 1.001 es the value "1" via this	CRWT ion 1 secon CRWTU when a "1" is CRWT cobject, tele

The detector is switched off from external via this object. This means, as soon as the detector receives the value "0" via this object, telegram C and D (object 19 and 20) are sent, according to the configuration.

Extension input, HVAC-Presence

24

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604

1 bit 1.001

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.5 2-level light controller (on-off)

2.5.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Source for brightness value (actual value)	internal value external value	
This parameter selects the source for the brightness value.		
Setpoint value via parameter parameter changeable via object		
This parameter determines whether the setpoint for light control are set to a fixed value, which in each case can be changed only using the STC are whether the corresponding factors, provided values can be changed up to a communication chiest		

the ETS, or whether the corresponding factory-provided values can be changed via the bus, via a communication object. The value received via the communication object overwrites the factory-provided parameter value and is stored permanently.

2.5.1.1 <u>Switch-On</u>

Parameter	Settings	
Switch on, if brightness is lower than xx LUX	100 – 1600, 500	
This parameter determines the starting brightness value from which the "Switching on" telegram (object no. 51) will be sent. If the brightness value for switching on is greater than the brightness value for switching off, then the value for switching on will be by the controller to the value for switching off, i.e. both values are then identical. This means that the controller only has to send a egram to switch on. Switching off in this case is a manual process. <u>Note 1:</u> The internal light sensor has a measurement range from 20 to 1000 LUX. It is therefore sensible to set a threshold above 10 LUX only if an external sensor, having a corresponding measurement range, is used for brightness measurement, or indirect measu ment has been configured.		
Switch on, not before xx seconds. 0 - 59, 10		
This parameter determines the interval at which the corresponding telegram for switching on is sent after falling below the nominal brightness value.		

2.5.1.2 Switch-Off

Parameter	Settings	
Switch off, if brightness is higher than xx LUX	250 - 1600, 900	
This parameter determines the starting brightness value from which the "Switching off" telegram (object no. 52) will be sent. <u>Note 1:</u> The internal light sensor has a measurement range from 20 to 1000 LUX. It is therefore sensible to set a threshold above 10 LUX only if an external sensor, having a corresponding measurement range, is used for brightness measurement, or indirect measurement has been configured. Note 2: Depending on the internal recalculation of the value, this can cause impreciseness when resolving of approximately 5%.		
Switch off, not before xx seconds.	0 -59, 20	
This parameter determines the interval at which the corresponding telegram for switching off is sent after exceeding the nominal brightness value.		

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector. Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.5.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
44	Control unit On/Off (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit 1.001	СМТ
This object of a presen	switches the controller on or off per group address. This informa ice detector, for example.	tion can come from a bus	button or from th	e output object
45	Automatic mode (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit	CWT
The contro ler works ir manually o Describing	ller notifies its internal status to the outside world via this object. a automatic mode, or the value "Off." Moreover, this does not diff r by override. this object has no effect.	The status can either hav erentiate between wheth	e the value "On," i er the controller v	.e. the control- vas switched off
46	Setpoint for switching on	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
This object the value f This object	This object notifies the brightness controller of the setpoint for switching on in automatic mode. Until the first occurrence of a value, the value from the parameter "Switch on if brightness value less than xx LUX" is used as the setpoint. This object is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage recovery.			ice of a value,
47	Setpoint for switching off	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
This object the value f This object	notifies the brightness controller of the setpoint for switching of rom the parameter "Switch off if brightness value greater than xx is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage recove	f in automatic mode. Unti LUX" is used as the setpo ry.	I the first occurrer int.	nce of a value,
48	Input switching value (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit 1.001	СѠТ
If a value (from outsic Only by rec	logical 0 or 1) is received via this object, the controller switches de. ceiving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controller be switched	off (automatic mode off) on again (automatic moc), because it has b de on).	been overwritten
49	Input dimming value (on-off)	brighter / darker	4 bit 3.007	CWT
If a value is Only by rec	received via this object, the controller switches off, because it hat eving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controller be switched	as been overwritten from on again (automatic moc	outside. de on).	
50	Input dimming value (on-off)	value	1 Byte 5.001	СМТ
If a value (Only by red	D-255) is received via this object, the controller switches off, beca eiving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controller be switched	use it has been overwritte on again (automatic moc	en from outside. de on).	
51	Switching (on-off)	On	1 bit 1.001	СМТ
This object value in a g	is one of the outputs of the two-point controller. It sends the valu given period of time.	ue "On" if the brightness is	s below the define	ed brightness
52	Switching (on-off)	Off	1 bit 1.001	СМТ
This object value in a g	is one of the outputs of the two-point controller. It sends the valu given period of time.	ue "Off" if the brightness i	s below the define	ed brightness

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.6 Constant light level control continuous

2.6.1 Parameter

2.6.1.1 Aktual value

Parameter	Settings
Source for brightness value	only internal value only external value 25% intern / 75% extern 50% intern / 50% extern 75% intern / 25% extern lower value of intern and extern

2.6.1.2 <u>Setpoint</u>

This parameter determines the source for the brightness value. Additionally, the weight of internal and external sources can be selected.

Setpoint value via	parameter parameter changeable via object	
The setpoint can be either configured as a fixed value (ETS parameter) or as a dynamic value (via object). Either the setpoint can be sent to the device as a brightness value in LUX via object no. 55 (DPT 9.004 / EIS5) or the setpoint can be changed via a dimming command (object no. 56). When the setpoint was changed the current valid value is sent via object no. 55.		
Setpoint in LUX [60 – 1600]	60 - 1600, 600	
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "S This parameter determines the brightness setpoint for co	etpoint value via" has been set to "parameter". nstant light level control in the range of 250 – 1600 LUX.	
Min. setpoint in LUX [60 – 1600]	60 - 1600, 400	
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "S This parameter determines the minimum brightness setpe commands (see objects 55 and 56).	etpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". oint for constant light level control changed via relative and absolute dimming	
Max. setpoint in LUX [60 – 1600] (=Start value)	60 - 1600, 1000	
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". This parameter determines the maximum brightness setpoint for constant light level control changed via relative and absolute dim- ming commands (see object 55 and 56). If the maximum brightness level was accidentally configured lower than the minimum level then the maximum setpoint is set to [min- imum setpoint + 10].		
Change of setpoint per dimming step	1/64 (2%) 1/32 (3%) 1/16 (6%) 1/8 (13%) 1/4 (25%) 1/2 (50%)	
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". This parameter determines the value of the constant light level control setpoint changing per dimming step if dimming with stop tele- gram is used.		
Light can be switched off when setpoint is zero	no yes	
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". This parameter determines whether the controller on receipt of the value "0" via object 55 shall switch to the state "Off". In that case, the controller function stops and at the same time the actuators are turned off with a dimming value of "0" via object 61 and, if applicable, via objects 64, 66, 68, and 70. Additionally, switching off telegrams are sent via object 60 and, if applicable, via objects 63, 65, 67, and 69, if parameter "Start and finish constant light level control with" is set accordingly.		

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings
Control can be started when setpoint is greater than	no
zero	yes
This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object".	
This parameter determines whether the controller switches from the state "inactive" to the state "active" if a setpoint value greater than	
"0" is received via object 55.	
At the same time the received LUX value is the new set point.	

2.6.1.3 <u>Controller</u>		
Parameter	Settings	
Maximal deviation from setpoint value (hysteresis)	+/- 5%	
	+/- 10%	
	+/- 15%	
	+/- 20%	
This parameter determines the difference between curren	nt value and setpoint value that activates the controller.	
This parameter only affects the control of the main lighting	ng group.	
Send dimming value every (controller speed)	1 second	
	2 seconds	
	3 seconds	
	5 seconds	
	10 seconds	
<u>Note</u> : When an external measurement is used then setting received within half of the time selected here. When the least double the value of the parameter setting of "Numb	g the parameter to 1 second makes sense, assuming that the external value is internal measurement is used this parameter should be set to a value that is at er of values for calculation of average".	
Timeout for automatic off [min] (0 = no automatic off)	0 – 230, 3	
If the actuating variable of the controller in the "active" s rent value of the measured brightness is higher than the sends a switching telegram with the value "Off". The p "standby" is determined by the previous parameter in th mains in the state "active" with the minimum control value	tate has reached the configured minimum level and at the same time the cur- brightness setpoint, then the controller changes into the state "standby" and eriod from reaching the condition described above to switching into the state range 1-255 minutes. If that parameter is set to "0" then the controller re- les.	
Additional hysteresis for restart when controller was in standby[LUX]	0 – 230, 100	
When the controller is in the state "standby" and the current light level value drops below the setpoint value minus hysteresis minu additional hysteresis then the controller automatically changes into the state "active".		
<u>Note:</u> If setpoint value minus hysteresis minus additional back to the state "active".	hysteresis is lower than 50 LUX, then 50 LUX is used as the limit for changing	
Start and finish constant light level control with	only dimming-value telegram	
	additional switching telegram at begin of control	
	additional switching telegram at stop of control	
	additional switching telegram at begin and stop	
This parameter determines the type of telegrams sent by	the constant light level controller on start and ending of the control activity	
(switching into state "active" respectively leaving the "act	ive state).	

2.6.1.4 <u>Controller output</u>

Parameter	Settings
Max. step for dimming	1 (0,5%); 3 (1,1%); 4 (1,5%); 5 (2,0%) ; 6 (2,5%), 7 (2,7%); 10 (3,9%)
This parameter determines the maximum step of the control value to be used for dimming. Note: The maximum step for dimming should be chosen such that a change of the dimming value does not change the illumination more than the configured hysteresis of the set point.	

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
First dim-value, when control starts	copy from parameter query from actuator's status calculate start value	
This parameter determines how the first dimming value (s	starting value) for the control is established.	
query from actuator's status (default setting):		
The current control value of the dimming actuator is interrogated via a status read request and the control loop is started with this val- ue. This action takes into account that the dimming value could have been changed by a relative dimming command while the control loop was inactive. The status read request does not work with all DALI Gateways.		
Before the control starts the current actual value is measured. This value represents the mixed light (daylight and artificial light). Using the calibration curve the measured value of the room brightness is then computed into the control value, which is used as a starting value for the control.		
copy from parameter:		
This parameter setting is used if the other two options do	not apply.	
Max. dimming value Master [1 255]	1 – 255, 255	
This parameter determines the maximum dimming value of the master.		
Min. dimming value Master [1 255]	1 – 255, 1	
This parameter determines the minimum dimming value of the master.		
Master / slave operation	no	
	yes	
This parameter determines whether the controller runs in	master/slave operation or not.	
First dim value [1 255]	1 – 255, 128	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "First dim-value when control starts" is set to "copy from parameter". This parameter determines the starting value used by the controller for the control value.		
First dim-value when, reading from object fails [1255]	1 – 255, 128	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "First dim value when control starts" is set to "query from actuator's status". This parameter determines the starting value used by the controller for the control value if the status query of the dimming actuator does not return a value within one second		

2.6.1.5 <u>Slaves</u>

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes".

Parameter	Settings
Mode of calculation	calculating via characteristic
	calculating via offsets
This parameter determines how the control value for the additional lighting groups is calculated. calculating via characteristic: The control values for the additional lighting groups are derived from the main control value by calib tion curves transforming the measured (main) luminance level into a calculated luminance level for the position of each addition lighting groups. If this setting is selected parameter settings in 3.6.6-a apply.	
calculating via offset: The control values for the additional lighting groups are derived from the main control value by an offset that is entered for each additional lighting group. If this setting is selected parameter settings in 3.6.6-b apply.	
Number of slaves	1 – 4, 4
This parameter determines the number of additional light	ting control groups.
Max. dimming value slave 1 [2, 3, 4] [1 255]	1 – 255, 1
This parameter determines the minimum dimming value of the respective additional lighting control group (14).	
Min. dimming value slave 1 [2, 3, 4] [1 255]	1 – 255, 1
This parameter determines the minimum dimming value of the respective additional lighting control group (14).	

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.6.1.5.1 Slave offset data

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes" and the parameter "Mode of calculation" has been set to "calculation via offsets".

Parameter	Settings	
Offset for slave 1 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)	
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for slave 1 from the dimming value of the master. Note: The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.		
Offset for slave 2 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)	
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for sl <u>Note</u> : The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.	ave 2 from the dimming value of the master.	
Offset for slave 3 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)	
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for sl <u>Note</u> : The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.	ave 3 from the dimming value of the master.	
Offset for slave 4 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)	
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for sl <u>Note</u> : The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.	ave 4 from the dimming value of the master.	

2.6.1.5.2 Slave calibration data

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes" and the parameter "Mode of calculation" has been set to "calculation via characteristic".

Parameter	Settings	
Position of Master [A E]	at measuring position A at measuring position B at measuring position C at measuring position D at measuring position E	
This parameter determines the position (AE) of the main lighting control group. The number of positions depends on the number of additional lighting control groups (slaves) selected via the parameter "number of slaves". If e.g. the "number of slaves" was set to "2" then the positions AC are available.		
Measured LUX value at position A [02000]	0 – 2000, 0	
Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	A with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.	
Measured LUX value at position B [02000]	0 – 2000, 0	
Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	B with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.	
Measured LUX value at position C [02000]	0 – 2000, 0	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number of slaves" has been set to "2", "3" or "4". Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position C with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 0…2000 LUX.		
Measured LUX value at position D [02000]	0 – 2000, 0	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number o Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	f slaves" has been set to "3" or "4". ו D with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.	
Measured LUX value at position E [02000]	0 – 2000, 0	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number o Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	f slaves" has been set to "4". n E with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.	

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 9206045WG1 258-2EB2225 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 9205035WG1258-2DB1225 CO Brightness Controller 9207025WG1 255-2DB21
--

2.6.1.6 Control characteristic

Paramete	r	Settings			
Delay unt	il next step	10 - 60, 12			
This param ing calibra <u>Note</u> : Sele	neter determines the period (range: 10 to 60 s tion (compare object 71). ct a higher value for lamps with a longer warm	econds) between e up phase until pro	each of the brightness viding full light output.	measurements of t	he controller dur-
2.6.2 0	communication objects				
Objno.	Object name		Function	Туре	Flags
43	Control actual value (continuous)		value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
Via the gro Note: Set t	oup address assigned to this object the current he Transmit (T) flag for sending on change of v	control actual valuv value.	e in LUX is transmitted o	on a read request.	
53	Control unit On/Off (continuous)		On / Off	1 bit 1.001	СМТ
a wall swit When a log stant light When a log On bus vol	ch or an output object of a presence detector. gical "0" is received the controller is turned off, level control is stopped. When the controller is gical "1" is received the controller is turned on. tage recovery the controller is turned off, inde	i.e. set point value turned off the con pendent of the stat	and actual value are no trol value 0 is sent. us the controller had be	o longer compared. efore bus voltage fa	Thus the con-
54	Status, Automatic mode (continuous)		On / Off	1 bit	CRT
The contro "active" or Writing to	Iler communicates its internal state via this obj "standby". When the state "Off" is communicat this object has no effect.	ject. When the state ed then the contro	e "On" is communicatec ller is either in the state	I the controller is ei "inactive" or "off".	ther in the state
55	Setpoint abs. (DPT 9.004) (continuous)		value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRWT
Via this ob mum setpo <u>Note 1:</u> Th play the cu <u>Note 2:</u> Wh actual valu <u>Note 3:</u> Or <u>Note 4:</u> Th	ject the setpoint for the constant light level con bint in LUX" is used as default value. e currently valid control setpoint is sent via this irrent value. Then the setpoint value changes the control pro- te is within the range defined by the setpoint a bus voltage recovery the value of this object i e setpoint value is limited by the configuration of 0 the set point value is not change	ntrol is set. Until th s object onto the bu cess may be active nd the hysteresis. s sent automatically settings for minim	e first value is received us on change of value, t dependent on the dete y. um / maximum set poir	the value of the pa hus allowing a visu rmined calibration nt value.	rameter "Maxi- Ialization to dis- curve even if the
56	Setpoint rel. (DPT 3007) (continuous)	jeu.	brighter / darker	4 bit	CRW
Via this ob every seco <u>Note1:</u> The received w <u>Note 2:</u> Th	ject the setpoint can be changed relative to the nd by a dimming value set via parameter, if "di controller can process relative changes of the ithin 200ms then both are joined together. Th e setpoint value is limited by the configuration	e current value. The mming with stop to setpoint only even e result is one dimr settings for minim	e controller increments elegram" is used. y second. When e.g. tw ning brighter commanc um / maximum set poir	3.007 or decrements the o ¼-brighter dimm d with about 56% ir nt value.	internal setpoint ing telegrams are ncrease.
57	Control stop, switching value (continuous)		On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
When a va control con	lue is received via this object then the controlle mmands are sent onto the bus.	er changes its state	to "inactive". In this sta	te the controller is	passive, i.e. no
58	Control stop, dimming (continuous)		brighter / darker	4 bit 3.007	СМТО
When a va control cor	lue is received via this object then the controlle mmands are sent onto the bus.	er changes its state	to "inactive". In this sta	te the controller is	passive, i.e. no

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
59	Control stop, dimming value (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СWTU
When a val control cor	When a value is received via this object then the controller changes its state to "inactive". In this state the controller is passive, i.e. no control commands are sent onto the bus.			
60	Output switching Master (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
Via this obj ness is belo object 53 o cally switch	ect the controller sends on and off control commands to the main w the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It sends the r when the controller changes from the state "active" to the state hes off".	n lighting group. It sends t e value "Off" when the cor e "standby" (see parameter	the value "On" wh itroller received a "Time until contr	en the bright- logical "0" via oller automati-
61	Output dimming value (Master)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СМТИ
Via this obj	ect the controller sends the dimming values for the main lighting	j group.		
62	Master status dimming (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СWTU
Via this obj	ect the current dimming value of the dimming actuator for the m	ain lighting group (maste	r) can be read.	
63	Output switching Slave1 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	сwт
Via this object the controller sends on and off control commands to the first additional lighting group. It sends the value "On" when the brightness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It sends the value "Off" when the controller received a logical "O" via object 53 or when the controller changes from the state "active" to the state "standby".				
64	Output dimming value Slave1 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СWT
Via this obj	ect the controller sends the dimming values for the first addition;	al lighting group.		
65	Output switching Slave2 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
Via this obj the brightn cal "0" via c	ect the controller sends on and off control commands to the seco less is below the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It object 53 or when the controller changes from the state "active" to	ond additional lighting gro t sends the value "Off" whe o the state "standby".	oup. It sends the ve en the controller r	alue "On" when received a logi-
66	Output dimming value Slave2 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СWT
Via this obj	ect the controller sends the dimming values for the second additi	ional lighting group.		
67	Output switching Slave3 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
Via this object the controller sends on and off control commands to the third additional lighting group. It sends the value "On" when the brightness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It sends the value "Off" when the controller received a logical "O" via object 53 or when the controller changes from the state "active" to the state "standby".				
68	Output dimming value Slave3 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СWT
Via this obj	ect the controller sends the dimming values for the third addition	al lighting group.		
69	Output switching Slave4 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	СWT
Via this object the controller sends on and off control commands to the fourth additional lighting group. It sends the value "On" when the brightness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It sends the value "Off" when the controller received a logical "O" via object 53 or when the controller changes from the state "active" to the state "standby".			lue "On" when eceived a logi-	
70	Output dimming value Slave4 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СМТ
Via this obj	ect the controller sends the dimming values for the fourth addition	onal lighting group.		

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
71	Calibration of master (continuous)	1=Start / 0=Stop	1 bit	CWT
			1.010	
Via this object the calibration process of the controller is started with a logical "1". Required is that controller has status "inactive". After completion of the calibration process the controller is in the state "inactive". Via this object the calibration process of the controller is stopped with a logical "0".				

Note: After a successful calibration the actuators are dimmed to 50%. After a failed calibration the actuators are dimmed to the minimum dimming level (~ 6%).

2.7 IR–Decoder

2.7.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Use pair F for	set programming mode (Left: Off / Right: On) I R-Channel F	
This parameter determines which mode pair F is used. IR-Channel F: Configuration of button pair F possible Programming Mode: Pair F is used only for enable or disc	able programming mode via IR remote control.	
Value of IR-locking object after bus voltage recovery	Off (0) On (1) as before bus voltage failure query via bus	
This parameter determines which value the locking object for the IR decoder will take when bus voltage returns.		
Detect long key press for dimming, shutter and stepping after	0.5 seconds; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds; 1.2 second; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds; 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the time from which holding a key press.	down a key for the dimming, shutter or dimming with value is deemed a long	
Detect long key press for scene saving after	0.5 seconds; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds; 1.2 second; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds; 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the time from which holding down a key for the scene saving function is deemed a long key press.		
Cycle time for stepping value	0.5 seconds; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds; 1.2 seconds; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the cycle time after which, du value.	ring a long key press, an increased or reduced value is sent for the stepping	

2.7.1.1 Button mode A

Parameter	Settings	
Function	disabled button pair single buttons	
This parameter selects whether button pair A is assigned functions jointly or individually. Alternatively, the button pair can be locked completely.		

The following parameters are visible only if the IR channel mode is set to "Button pair."

Parameter	Settings
Swap left and right button	no
	yes
These parameters exchange the initialized functions of the right and left buttons.	

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
Lock IR-buttons via comm-object	no yes, if locking object = 0 yes, if locking object = 1	
This parameter determines how the value of the locking of	object is analyzed.	
Function	dimming shutter 8-bit value, variable scene recall / store	
This parameter sets the function for the buttons on the re	emote control.	
Behavior on short pressing (left/right)	On / Off toggle / toggle	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" when the buttons are pressed. "On" or "Off": On pressing, ject value for the corresponding switching object is sent (is set to "Dimming". It sets which telegram is sent via the corresponding object an "On" or an "Off" telegram is sent. "Toggle": With each press, the inverse ob- toggling).	
Upper limit	0 – 255, 255	
Step value (increase)	0 – 255, 1	
These two parameters are visible only if the parameter "F If the left key is given a long press, beginning with the la by the step value until the threshold is reached. If the last status value was already above the upper limit,	unction" has been set to "8-bit value, variable". ast status value, an 8-bit value is sent cyclically on the bus, which is increased it is not sent.	
Lower limit	0 – 255, 0	
Step value (decrease)	0 – 255, 1	
These two parameters are visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "8-bit value, variable". If the right key is given a long press, beginning with the last status value, an 8-bit value is sent cyclically on the bus, which is decreased by the step value until the threshold is reached. If the last status value was already below the lower limit, it is not sent.		
Scene number left button	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
his parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "Scene recall/store". . sets the sent scene number when the left key is pressed. A short button press calls up the relevant scene, a long button press saves ne current scene under the corresponding number.		
Scene number right button	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" It sets the sent scene number when the right key is press the current scene under the corresponding number.	has been set to "Scene recall/store". ed. A short button press calls up the relevant scene, a long button press saves	

The following parameters are visible only if the IR channel mode is set to "Single buttons".

Parameter	Settings
Lock IR-buttons via comm-object	no yes, if locking object = 0 yes, if locking object = 1
This parameter determines how the value of the locking of	object is analyzed.
Function (button left)	Off On toggle 8-bit value 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness) scene recall
This parameter sets the function for the buttons on the re	emote control.

© Siemens AG 2020 Subject to changes

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings	
Function (button right)	Off	
	On	
	toggle	
	8-bit value	
	16-bit value (decimal)	
	16-bit value (temperature)	
	16-bit value (brightness)	
	scene recall	
This parameter sets the function for the buttons on the re	emote control.	
Bell function: press = off, release = on	no	
	yes	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function"	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "Off".	
The result is that a corresponding telegram is sent when	the button is released.	
Bell function: press = on, release = off	no	
	yes	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function"	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "On".	
The result is that a corresponding telegram is sent when	the button is released.	
Value [0 255]	0 – 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function"	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "8-bit value".	
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0 - 255$.		
Value [0 65535]	0 – 65535, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" imal)".	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value (dec-	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/	
	103F; 40.0°C / 104F	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" perature)".	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value (tem-	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.		
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX;	
	100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX;	
	500LUX ; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX;	
	900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Functic (brightness)".	n" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .		
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function"	(button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "scene recall".	
This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	to be called up	

2.7.1.2 <u>Button Pair B [C, D, E, F]</u>

Parameter	Settings
Function	disabled
	button pair
	single buttons
This parameter selects whether button pair B [C, D, E, F] i be locked completely.	s assigned functions jointly or individually. Alternatively, the button pair can

All other parameter settings are performed similar to button pair A and are therefore not mentioned here again.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

2.7.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
30 (32, 34, 36, 38,	IR-Channel A (B, C, D, E, F) left	value	1 Byte 5.001	CRWT
40)		value	2 Byte	
		16-bit (decimal)	7.001	
		16-bit (brightness)	9.004	
		scene 8-bit	1 Byte	-
		On / Off / to and a	5.010	-
		On / On / toggle	1.001	
		up / down	1 bit 1.008	
		recall / save	1 Byte 18 001	
These objects setting of t	cts send the switching, dimming or shutter telegrams from chanr he associated parameter "Function".	nel [X]. How the telegran	ns are interpreted de	epends on the
31 (33, 35, 37, 39,	IR-Channel A (B,C,D,E,F) right	value 8-bit (decimal)	1 Byte 5.001	CRWT
41)		value	2 Byte	
		16-bit (decimal)	7.001	
		16-bit (temperature)	9.001	
		16-bit (brightness)	9.004	-
		scene 8-bit	1 Byte 5.010	
		On / Off / toggle	1 bit	
			1.001	-
		up / down	1 bit 1.008	
		brighter / darker	4 bit	
			3.007	-
		recall	1 Byte 17.001	
These objections of t	cts send the switching, dimming or shutter telegrams from chanr he associated parameter "Function".	nel [X]. How the telegram	ns are interpreted de	epends on the
42	Locking object for IR	On / Off	1 bit	CRWTU
This object	locks and releases the detector again. The parameter "Lock motion	l n detector via object" is	Lised to set whether	r the detector is
locked whe	on a "0" is received or when a "1" is received. It can also be determ	ined that the detector is	never locked, regar	dless of the
anove onle	ct. A locked detector does not evaluate detected motions. The sta	art value arter bus voltag	e recovery is config	uidule.

GAMMA instabus Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	

5WG1 258-2EB22 5WG1258-2DB12 5WG1 255-2DB21

3 Appendix

3.1 Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration)

To be able to use the integrated brightness sensor, this must be calibrated, since the share of the reflected light, which the sensor measures, is dependent on the reflective area very strongly under the brightness sensor.

The brightness sensor includes only the reflected brightness by the indirect real-time measurement method which there exists under the sensor in the recording area. The integrated regulator needs the brightness for the evaluation, however, in the recording area. This can be calculated by a correction factor multiplied. The so certain correction factor is under parameter brightness measuring - to type correction factor in.



Abb. 9 indirect measuring

Example:

LUX if a LUX metre on the job surface 500 LUX, suited to below however at the ceiling includes only 200 LUX, the factor simply can be found out arithmetically with 2.5. It is reflected only 40% of the surface. As a parameter "correction factor" 2.5 has to be typed in.

Alternative automatic method of computation

The measured density value can be sent to the device by communication object (27), the calculation of the correction factor therefore can be made by the device itself.

Example:

With a LUX metre of measured density value on the job surface at 500 LUX is sent to released communication object 27 by ETS.

Note:

This kind of calibration requires a similar share of natural light and artificial light. The correction factor is limited on at most 20.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

3.2 Determination of the control characteristic

The natural daylight drops off with increasing room depth. The controller can find the necessary lighting intensity out from the reference measurement under the sensor (master) from measured density values under the up to five lights. The determination of the five (5) density values must be carried out at daylight.



Fig. 10 Natural daylight drops off with increasing room depth

Example:

Being brightness distribution of the daylight found out with a LUX metre of the density values among the five lights like into Fig. 9 after room depth of Fig.9 represented for the configuration of the control characteristic. The measurements are typed in ETS as a parameter "measured LUX value position A, ..., E". At the same time, the position of the brightness sensor has to be indicated here "to position A".

Note:

This kind of calibration requires sufficiently natural daylight and no artificial light. The determination of the control characteristic is presupposed at the use of parameter "start value". The calculation works all the better the bigger the measurements are. The regulation needs only the relationship of the density values since these are standardized.

3.3 Determination of characteristic of used lights in the room

The light distribution is in the room of importance besides the light distribution in the room depth for an efficient constant light regulation by the radiation characteristic of the lights used. This can be found out at darkness without natural daylight. The inquiry can be started by an initial instruction "1" on the communication object 71. An automatic regulation is therefore possible during the darkness or not use of the room by time switching command during the after-hours. During the procedure the lights are steered for with up to 15 predefined density values. The accompanying brightness is measured in terms of the brightness sensor. A successful regulation is confirmed by the shining of all lights with 50% brightness at the end. In the case of a fault these shine with minimal brightness (approx. 6%). The 15 measurement results can be recorded and evaluated if necessary with the ETS group monitor.

Application program description

February 2020

25 CO Presence detector, Constant light 920604	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920503	5WG1258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920702	5WG1 255-2DB21

3.5 Example of configuration

This example shows how a controller - consisting of 1 master and 3 expansions – with the functional block "motion detector" can be controlled fully automatically and be over steered manually:

Num	ber * Name	Object Function	Description	Group Address
■≵ 0	Statusobjekt des Aktors	Ein / Aus		
■ ≵1	Schalten, Beginn Bewegung, A	Ein		1/1/0
■2 3	Schalten, Ende Bewegung, C	Aus		1/1/0
■2 7	Nebenstelle, Bewegung	Ein		1/1/11
■2 8	Nebenstelle, Bewegung	Aus		
■25	Helligkeitswert (intern)	Lux-Wert		
■26	Helligkeitswert (extern)	Lux-Wert		
27	Helligkeitswert (Kalibrierung)	Lux-Wert		
■2 8	8-bit Wert Umschaltung, Bewegung, A/C	Wert 1 / Wert 2		
■2 43	Regler Istwert (stetig)	Lux-Wert		
▶ 📫 53	Regler Ein / Aus (stetig)	Ein / Aus		1/1/0
■₹ 54	Status, Automatikbetrieb (stetig)	Ein / Aus		
▶ ■ 57	Regler Stop, Schalten (stetig)	Ein / Aus		1/1/12
■ 5 8	Regler Stop Dimmen (stetig)	heller / dunkler		1/1/13
► 59	Regler Stop, Dimmwert (stetig)	Dimmwert		1/1/14
■₹ 60	Ausgang Schalten Master (stetig)	Ein / Aus		
■2 61	Ausgang Dimmwert Master (stetig)	Dimmwert		1/1/15
■2 62	Status Dimmwert Master (stetig)	Dimmwert		
6 3	Ausgang Schalten Slave 1 (stetig)	Ein / Aus		
■2 64	Ausgang Dimmwert Slave 1 (stetig)	Dimmwert		1/1/16
1 65	Ausgang Schalten Slave 2 (stetig)	Ein / Aus		
■2 66	Ausgang Dimmwert Slave 2 (stetig)	Dimmwert		1/1/17
■2 67	Ausgang Schalten Slave 3 (stetig)	Ein / Aus		
■2 68	Ausgang Dimmwert Slave 3 (stetig)	Dimmwert		1/1/18
	Kalibrierung Master (stetig)	1=Start / 0=Stop		1/1/20

Fig. 11 Communication objects for a presence depending control with four light groups

The communication objects represented in Fig. 11 are needed to operate a controller as a presence dependent fully automatic controller. The controller will be enabled and disabled via object 53. This object is connected to the objects 1 and 3 with the same group address. Object 27 is only visible when the parameter setting is: "Calibration about object". The determination of the correction factor (calibration) must be carried out only once, being repeated, however if e.g. the underground or the reflective area changes.

Objects 57 - 59 are needed for a manual overdriving. A push button of switching, dimming or setting value can interrupt the automatic control, as long as the presence status is "on". As soon as the object 53 goes to "0" and back to "1" by a telegram, the controller is again in the automatic mode. The objects 61, 64, 66, 68 and 70 are the value objects to the lights (actuators). Object 71 starts the determination of the characteristics of the used lights in the room (calibration).